10/588481

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:30:01 ON 30 MAR 2011
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Mar 2011 VOL 154 ISS 14

FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Mar 2011 (20110329/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2011

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2011

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the fourth quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> fil reg

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$ data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 29 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1272065-66-3 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 29 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1272065-66-3

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 14, 2011.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> d que	stat l	80					
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L5	1	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY	Y SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ISOPROPYLBENZEN
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L7	1	SEA	FILE=REGISTR	Y SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ETHYLBENZENE/CN
L8			FILE=REGISTRY		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	TOLUENE/CN
L9	1		FILE=REGISTR	Y SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	T-BUTYLBENZENE/
		CN			_		
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L11	1		FILE=REGISTR	Y SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BROMOETHYLBENZE
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L14	1	NE/(JN FILE=REGISTR	Z CDE-ON	ABB=ON	DI II—ON	FURAN/CN
L14 L15			FILE=REGISTR		ABB=ON	PLU=ON PLU=ON	FLUOROBIPHENYL/
шт	Τ.	CN	LILE-VEGISIV	I DEE-ON	ADD-UN	FLU-ON	F LOOKOBIF HENIL)
L16	47196		FILE=HCAPLUS	SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L4
L17			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5
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L26	11850	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L14
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L29		QUE	SPE=ON ABB=	ON PLU		CTROLY?	
L30		QUE	SPE=ON ABB=	ON PLU	ON ELEC	CTROLY? (A	A) (SOLVENT OR SOL
		UTI	•				
L31			FILE=HCAPLUS				L16 AND L17
L32			FILE=HCAPLUS				L31 AND L29
L33			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON		L32 AND L28
L34			FILE=HCAPLUS			PLU=ON	L18 AND L19
L35			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON		L34 AND L29
L36 L37	۷		FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L35 AND L28
L3 /	4	QUE	SPE=ON ABB= FILE=HCAPLUS		-ON LI (ABB=ON	OR LITHIU PLU=ON	L35 AND L37
L39	4	QUE	SPE=ON ABB=			TERY	TOO MIND TO!
L40	Δ	_	FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L35 AND L39
L41			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L36 OR L38 OR
Dil	-	L40		DI 11-011	1100-011	1 10-011	DOO ON DOO ON
L42	6		FILE=HCAPLUS	SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L32 AND L37
L43			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L32 AND L39
L44	7		FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L33 OR (L42 OR
		L43					,
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L46			FILE=HCAPLUS		ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L45 AND L29
L47	1	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L46 AND L28
L48	6	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L46 AND L39
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L53	12	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND L37
L54	6	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L53 AND L28
L55	10	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND L39
L57	10	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L53 AND L55
L58	6	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L54 AND L30
L60	8	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 OR L47 OR
		L58	OR L33
L61	16	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L41 OR L44 OR
		L50	OR L57) NOT L60
L62	7	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L60 NOT L1
L63	27139	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L16 OR L18 OR
		L20	OR L22 OR L24 OR L26) AND (L25 OR L17 OR L21 OR L19)
L64	315	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 AND L29
L65	108	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L64 AND L37
L66	37	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 AND L28
L67	24	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 AND L30
L68		QUE	SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON ADDITIV?
L69	17	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND L68
L70		QUE	SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (FIRST OR 1ST OR 1(W)ST)(2A)
		L68	
L72	22753	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L20 OR L22 OR
		L24	OR L26) AND (L25 OR L17 OR L19 OR L21 OR L27 OR L23)
L73	215	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L72 AND L29
L74	43	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L73 AND L37
L75	11	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L74 AND L28
L76	4	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L75 AND L68
L77	1	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L76 AND L70
L78	11	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L75 OR L76 OR
		L77	
L79	18	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L69 OR L78)
		ПОП	(L61 OR L62)
L80	17	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L79 NOT L1

=> d ibib abs hitstr hitind 180 1-17

L80 ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2011:224824 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 154:239646

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte lithium

secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Nakajima, Satoshi; Kato, Ryuichi; Usami,

Yasushi; Sakai, Akihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan; Mitsubishi

Plastics Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 19pp.; Chemical Indexing

Equivalent to 143:81118 (WO)

CODEN: JTXXFF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 4635432	В2	20110223	JP 2003-416762	

200312

																15
	2005 2005				A A1		2005 2005	0630 0623	1	WO 2	004-	JP18	985			
																200412 14
	₩:	CH, GB, KR, MX, SE,	CN, GD, KZ, MZ,	CO, GE, LC, NA, SK,	CR, GH, LK, NI, SL,	CU, GM, LR, NO, SY,	CZ, HR, LS, NZ, TJ,	DE, HU, LT, OM,	DK, ID, LU, PG,	DM, IL, LV, PH,	DZ, IN, MA, PL,	EC, IS, MD, PT,	EE, JP, MG, RO,	EG, KE, MK, RU,	ES KG MN SC	
		BW, AM, DE, NL, GN,	GH, AZ, DK, PL,	GM, BY, EE, PT,	KE, KG, ES, RO, ML,	LS, KZ, FI, SE, MR,	MW, MD, FR, SI, NE,	RU, GB, SK, SN,	TJ, GR, TR, TD,	TM, HU, BF, TG	IE, BJ,	BE, IS, CF,	BG, IT, CG,	CH, LT,	CY LU	I, ZW, I, CZ, I, MC, I, GA,
EP	1705	736			A1		2006	0927		EP 2	004-	8073	42			200412
CN	R: 1934				А		2007	0321	(CN 2	004-	8004	1089			200412
	1005		-				2009									
US	2007	0048	607		A1		2007	0301		US 2	006-	4530	06			200606 15
KR	2007	0199	65		А		2007	0216	:	KR 2	006-	7014	229			200607 14
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	003-	4167	61		A	200312
									,	JP 2	003-	4167	62	_	A	200312 15
									,	JP 2	004-	3361	7		A	200402
										JP 2	004-	3361	8		A	200402
										JP 2	004-	3361	9	2	A	200402
									1	WO 2	004-	JP18	985	1	W	200412 14

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The present invention aims to improve cycle characteristics of a high-capacity secondary battery wherein an active material is filled in at a high d. by using a particulate active material having a small aspect ratio. Disclosed is a nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery comprising a pos. electrode and neg.

electrode capable of adsorbing/desorbing lithium, a separator and a nonaq.
electrolyte solution containing a nonaq. solvent and a lithium salt is characterized in that the separator has a porous film composed of a thermoplastic resin containing an inorg. filler, and in that the active material contained in the neg. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 3 and/or the active material contained in the pos. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 2.2. 92-52-4, 1,1'-Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (additive for nonaq. electrolyte solns. for lithium batteries)
92-52-4 HCAPLUS
1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



ΙT

RN

CN

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI H01M0010-0569 [I,A]; H01M0010-0568 [I,A]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A]; H01M0002-16 [I,A]; H01M0004-131 [I,A] IPCR H01M0002-16 [I,A]; H01M0002-16 [I,C*]; H01M0004-02 [I,A]; H01M0004-02 [I,C*]; H01M0004-58 [I,A]; H01M0004-58 [I,C*]; H01M0010-36 [I,C*]; H01M0010-40 [I,A] CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST lithium battery separator cathode active material aspect ratio ΙT Polyolefin rubber RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (butene-ethylene-propene, block; lithium battery separator compns. containing) TT Castor oil RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (hydrogenated, Hy-Castor Oil; lithium battery separator compns. containing) TТ Battery electrodes (lithium battery; aspect ratio of active substances for) Secondary battery separators TТ (lithium battery; inorg. fillers for) ΙT Battery electrolytes (nonaq.; additives for lithium battery) 92-52-4, 1,1'-Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1 ΤT RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (additive for nonag. electrolyte solms. for lithium batteries)

TT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium
 oxide (CoLiO2) 855472-25-2, Lithium manganese nickel
 oxide (Li1.05Mn0.5Ni0.502.05)
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (aspect ratios of lithium battery electrode active
 substances)
IT 7727-43-7
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (filler for lithium battery separator compns.)
IT 9002-88-4

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (lithium battery separator compns. containing)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

L80 ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:1457219 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 153:603674

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 155:005074

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte lithium

secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Nakashima, Satoshi; Kato, Ryuichi; Usami,

Yasushi; Sakai, Akihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan; Mitsubishi

Plastics Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 20pp.; Chemical Indexing

Equivalent to 143:81118 (WO)

CODEN: JTXXFF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT 	NO. 			KIN	_	DATE			APPL 	ICAT	ION	NO. 		D.	ATE
JP	4586	- 359			В2		2010	1124		JP 2	003-	4167	61		_	00312
JР	2005	1748	67		Α		2005	0630							1	5
_	2005	-	-		A1		2005			WO 2	004-	JP18	985			
															_	00412
	W: RW:	CH, GB, KR, MX, SE, VC, BW, AM, DE,	CN, GD, KZ, MZ, SG, VN, GH, AZ, DK,	CO, GE, LC, NA, SK, YU, GM, BY, EE,	CR, GH, LK, NI, SL, ZA, KE, KG,	CU, GM, LR, NO, SY, ZM, LS, KZ, FI,	AU, CZ, HR, LS, NZ, TJ, ZW MW, MD, FR, SI,	DE, HU, LT, OM, TM, MZ, RU, GB,	DK, ID, LU, PG, TN, NA, TJ, GR,	DM, IL, LV, PH, TR, SD, TM, HU,	DZ, IN, MA, PL, TT, SL, AT, IE,	EC, IS, MD, PT, TZ, SZ, BE, IS,	EE, JP, MG, RO, UA, TZ, BG, IT,	EG, KE, MK, RU, UG, CH, LT,	ES, KG, MN, SC, US, ZM, CY, LU,	FI, KP, MW, SD, UZ, ZW, CZ, MC,
					•		NE,									
EP	1705 R:				A1		2006	0927		EP 2	004-	8073	42		2 1	00412
CN	1934				A		2007	0321		CN 2	004-	8004	1089		2	00412

	CN 100541863	С	20090916				14
	JS 20070048607	A1	20070301	US	2006-453006		
							200606 15
K	KR 2007019965	A	20070216	KR	2006-7014229		000605
							200607 14
PRIORI	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			JР	2003-416761	А	200312
							15
				JP	2003-416762	A	
							200312 15
				JP	2004-33617	А	
							200402 10
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				JP	2004-33618	А	200402
							10
				JP	2004-33619	А	
							200402 10
							10
				WO	2004-JP18985	W	200412
							14

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

The present invention aims to improve cycle characteristics of a high-capacity secondary battery wherein an active material is filled in at a high d. by using a particulate active material having a small aspect ratio. Disclosed is a nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery comprising a pos. electrode and neg. electrode capable of adsorbing/desorbing lithium, a separator and a nonaq. electrolyte solution containing a nonaq. solvent and a lithium salt is characterized in that the separator has a porous film composed of a thermoplastic resin containing an inorg. filler, and in that the active material contained in the neg. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 3 and/or the active material contained in the pos. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 2.2.

IT 92-52-4, 1,1'-Biphenyl, uses \$27-52-1

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(additive for nonaq. electrolyte
solms. for lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



8

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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Ph
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IPCI H01M0010-0567 [I,A]; H01M0010-0568 [I,A]; H01M0010-0569 [I,A];
     H01M0010-052 [I,A]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A]; H01M0002-16 [I,A]
IPCR H01M0002-16 [I,A]; H01M0010-0567 [I,A]; H01M0004-02 [I,A];
     H01M0004-58 [I,A]; H01M0010-052 [I,A]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A];
     H01M0010-0568 [I,A]; H01M0010-0569 [I,A]; H01M0010-40 [I,A];
     H01M0002-16 [I,C*]; H01M0004-02 [I,C*]; H01M0004-58 [I,C*];
     H01M0010-36 [I,C*]
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST
     lithium battery separator cathode active material aspect
     ratio
ΙT
    Polyolefin rubber
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (butene-ethylene-propene, block; lithium battery
        separator compns. containing)
    Castor oil
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (hydrogenated, Hy-Castor Oil; lathium battery separator
        compns. containing)
     Battery electrodes
TT
        (lithium battery; aspect ratio of active substances
IT
     Secondary battery separators
        (lithium battery; inorg. fillers for)
ΙT
     Battery electrolytes
        (nonag.; additives for lithium battery)
     92-52-4, 1,1'-Biphenyl, uses
ΤT
                                   827-52-1
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (additive for nonaq. electrolyte
        solns. for lithium batteries)
ΤТ
     7782-42-5, Graphite, uses
                                 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium
     oxide (CoLiO2)
                     855472-25-2, Lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Li1.05Mn0.5Ni0.502.05)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (aspect ratios of lithium battery electrode active
        substances)
     7727-43-7
TТ
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (filler for lithium battery separator compns.)
     9002-88-4
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery separator compns. containing)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                         0
                               THERE ARE O CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
                               RECORD (0 CITINGS)
L80 ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
                         2010:1320031 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         153:623426
TITLE:
                         Flame-resistance electrolyte
                         solution for lithium ion
                         battery
INVENTOR(S):
                         Li, Lifei; Yuan, Xiangyun; Li, Jianzhong; Zhao,
```

10/588481

Shiyong; Wang, Yiming; Guo, Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhangjiagang Guotai-Huarong New Chemical

Materials Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing, 17pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101867065	А	20101020	CN 2010-10207162	
				201006 21
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2010-10207162	
				201006 21

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 153:623426

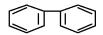
AB This electrolyte solution comprises Li salt 0.001-2 M, carbonate ester and/or ether-based organic solvent, silyl phosphate type flame-resistant additive, and other functional additive 0-0.5 M. The electrolyte solution may be applied in Li primary batteries, Li secondary batteries, and Li ion batteries.

IT 92-52-4, Diphenyl, uses 98-06-6, tert-Butyl benzene 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (flame-resistance electrolyte solution for lithium ion battery)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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IPCI H01M0010-056 [I,A]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A]; H01M0006-14 [I,A]
IPCR H01M0010-056 [I,A]; H01M0006-14 [I,A]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A]
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST
    lithium battery flame resistance electrolyte
    soln
ΙT
    Electrolytes
    Fireproofing agents
        (flame-resistance electrolyte solution for
       lithium ion battery)
ΙT
    Primary batteries
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; flame-resistance electrolyte
        solution for lithium ion battery)
ΙT
    92-52-4, Diphenyl, uses 96-49-1D, Ethylene carbonate,
    Fluorinated 98-06-6, tert-Butyl benzene 110-61-2,
    Butanedinitrile 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene
                                                   872-36-6,
    Vinylene carbonate 1469-72-3 1469-73-4, Propylene sulfite
    2049-95-8, tert-Pentyl benzene 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite
    4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate 13401-80-4 18077-41-3
    18135-11-0 66368-63-6 912259-07-5 1254942-49-8
                                                          1254942-50-1
    1254942-51-2 1254942-52-3
                                1254942-53-4
                                               1254942-54-5
    1254942-55-6
                  1254942-56-7 1254942-57-8
                                               1254942-58-9
    1254942-59-0 1254942-60-3 1254942-61-4
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (flame-resistance electrolyte solution for
       lithium ion battery)
ΤТ
    96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone
                             96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
    105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate
    616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Methylethyl carbonate
    623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate
                                   14283-07-9,
    7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
    Lithium tetrafluoroborate
                               21324-40-3, Lithium
    hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
    hexafluoroarsenate
                         33454-82-9, Lithium
    trifluoromethylsulfonate 90076-65-6, Lithium
    bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide 132843-44-8, Lithium
    bis(perfluoroethanesulfonyl)imide 244761-29-3, Lithium
                         403699-22-9 409071-16-5, Lithium
    bis(oxalato)borate
                                           662149-93-1
    difluoro oxalatoborate
                             411206-71-8
                                                         1243632-22-5
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (flame-resistance electrolyte solution for
        lithium ion battery)
L80 ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2010:1201584 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        153:510578
TITLE:
                        Lithium ion secondary battery
                        electrolyte solution
                        containing additives for overcharging
                        safety
INVENTOR(S):
                        Li, Lifei; Yuan, Jie; Yuan, Xiangyun; Zhao,
                        Shiyong; Wang, Yiming; Guo, Jun
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Zhangjiagang Guotai-Huarong New Chemical
                        Materials Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
                        Faming Zhuanli Shenging, 6pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: CNXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
```

Chinese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101841062	A	20100922	CN 2010-10181959	201005
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2010-10181959	25
				201005 25

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 153:510578

GΙ

The title electrolyte solution contains lithium salt, carbonate- and/or ether-based organic solvent, additive for safe overcharging, and other functional additive. The lithium salt has a concentration of 0.001-2 M. The additive for safe overcharging has a mass ratio of 0.01-30 weight% of the electrolyte. The other functional additive has a concentration of 0-0.5 M. The additive for safe overcharging is selected from compds. shown in structures I and II (A = C or Si; R1,2 = alkyl, alkoxyl, alkenyl, etc.; R3 = cyano, isocyano, thiocyano or isothiocyano; R4-8 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkoxyl, etc.).

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6, tert-Butylbenzene 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte
solution containing additives for overcharging safety)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI H01M0010-056 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,A] IPCR H01M0006-16 [I,C]; H01M0006-16 [I,A] CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST electrolyte soln safety lithium battery ion secondary ΙT Battery electrolytes (Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte solution containing additives for overcharging safety) Secondary batteries ΙT (lithium; Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte solution containing additives for overcharging safety) 77-57-6 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6, ΙT tert-Butylbenzene 110-61-2, Succinonitrile 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 1072-53-3 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propanesultone 1633-83-6, 1,4-Butane sultone 2049-95-8, tert-Pentylbenzene 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite 4427-96-7, 4-Vinyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-one 114435-02-8, Fluoroethylene carbonate 1250860-98-0 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte solution containing additives for overcharging safety) 96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran 96-48-0, Butyrolactone Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses 111-96-6, Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Methyl ethyl carbonate 623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxacyclopentane 3266-23-7, 2-Butene oxide 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate 7440-37-1, Argon, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte solution containing additives for overcharging safety) ΙT 13453-71-9, Lithium chlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethylsulfonate 90076-65-6, Lithium 244761-29-3 bis(trifluoromethanesulfonylimide) 297162-94-8 409071-16-5 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (Lithium ion secondary battery electrolyte solution containing additives for overcharging safety) L80 ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:1144950 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 153:485609 TITLE: Manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium ion battery INVENTOR(S): Liu, Jiansheng; Jiang, Ling; Li, Yongkun; Zhou,

Shaoyun; Li, Zhao; Zhang, Liping

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Guangzhou Tinci Materials Technology Co., Ltd.,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing, 16pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101826635	A	20100908	CN 2010-10146948	
				201004 09
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2010-10146948	0 3
				201004 09

This manufacturing comprises (by weight percentage) electrochem. inert polymer with mol. weight of 5,000-120,000 0.5-15, Li salt 6-18, film forming agent 0.5-8, over charge-preventing agent 0-10, flame retardant 0-15, surfactant 0.01-0.5, and electrolyte stabilizing agent 0.05-0.5 in nonaq. solvent. The polymer can be polymethyl methacrylate, polyacrylonitrile, polytetrafluoroethylene, etc.; the Li salt can be LiPF6, Li tetrafluoroborate,

hexafluoroarsenate, etc.; and the nonaq. solvent can be carbonate ester, carboxylate ester, ether, etc. The battery using inventive electrolyte has the characteristics of conventional polymer battery and liquid battery, and further has the advantages of high safety performance, long service life, excellent low temperature performance and high rate charge/discharge performance, and simple fabrication.

IT 108-88-3, Toluene, uses 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl

benzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium ion battery)

RN 108-88-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

```
IPCR H01M0010-00 [I,C]; H01M0010-056 [I,A]; H01M0010-052 [I,A];
     H01M0010-058 [I,A]
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST
     lithium ion battery polymer electrolyte
     fabrication safety
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for
        lithium ion battery)
     Battery electrolytes
ΙT
        (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium
        ion battery)
ΙT
     Amines
     Imines
     Silanes
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium
        ion battery)
ΙT
    Fluoropolymers
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium
        ion battery)
ΙT
     Polyoxyalkylenes
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium
        ion battery)
    78-40-0, Triethyl phosphate 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 103-71-9,
TΤ
     Phenyl isocyanate, uses 108-88-3, Toluene, uses
     115-86-6, Triphenyl phosphate 121-45-9, Trimethyl phosphite
     141-43-5, Ethanolamine, uses 307-35-7, Perfluorooctyl sulfonyl
     fluoride 370-69-4, Tris(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)phosphite
                                                               459-60-9,
    p-Fluorophenyl methyl ether 512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate
     822-06-0 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene 920-68-3,
     Heptamethyl disilazane 957-13-1 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propane sultone
     1184-10-7
               1633-83-6, 1,4-Butane sultone 1795-31-9,
     Tris(trimethylsilyl)phosphite 4325-85-3,
    Tris(trimethylsilyl)borate 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate
     6569-51-3, Borazine 6607-30-3 10497-05-9,
     Tris(trimethylsilyl)phosphate
                                   15599-91-4,
    Hexafluorocyclotriphosphazene 114435-02-8, Fluoroethylene
                216382-88-6, Imidazopyridine 287931-15-1
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium
        ion battery)
     67-71-0, Dimethyl sulfone 79-20-9, Methyl acetate
    \gamma-Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-37-3, Ethyl propionate 105-54-4, Ethyl butyrate 105-58-8, Diethyl
     carbonate 107-31-3, Methyl formate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate
     109-60-4, Propyl acetate 109-87-5, Dimethoxy methane 109-94-4,
     Ethyl formate 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses
                                                     110-71-4,
     1,2-Dimethoxy ethane 126-33-0, Sulfolane 141-78-6, Ethyl
     acetate, uses 594-43-4, Methyl ethyl sulfone 597-35-3, Diethyl
     sulfone 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-42-7, Methyl butyrate
     623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxolane
     1977-37-3, Methyl propyl sulfone 9002-84-0,
    Polytetrafluoroethylene 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate
     Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9011-14-7 9032-53-5, Carboxyl cellulose
     14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3,
    Lithium hexafluorophosphate 25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile
     25120-07-4 25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide 25322-69-4,
     Polypropylene oxide 29935-35-1, Lithium
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hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate 56525-42-9, Methyl propyl carbonate 90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide 132404-42-3 244761-29-3 Lithium bis(oxalato)borate 409071-16-5, Lithium difluoro(oxalato)borate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (manufacturing of polymer electrolyte for lithium ion battery)

L80 ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:1048494 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 153:411185

TITLE: Flame-retardant type electrolyte

solution and its application

INVENTOR(S): Li, Lifei; Yuan, Jie; Chen, Li; Yuan, Xiangyun;

Wang, Yiming; Zhao, Shiyong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhangjiagang Guotai-Huarong New Chemical

Materials Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing, 11pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101807720	А	20100818	CN 2010-10136662	
				201003 31
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2010-10136662	01
				201003 31

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 153:411185

GI

$$R_{2} = 0 \qquad \downarrow \qquad 0 \qquad \downarrow \qquad 0 \qquad R_{1} \qquad 0 \qquad R_{5} = 0 \qquad I$$

$$R_2-0$$
 P
 O
 P
 O
 R_3
 R_5-0
 R_5
 R_5

AB The title electrolyte solution comprises: (A) Lithium salt 0.001-2 mol/L, (B) carbonic ester and/or ether organic solvent, (C) flame retardant additive 0.1-50 weight%, and (D) other functional additive 0-0.5 mol/L. The flame

retardant additive is selected from structures I and II (R1 = 0, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R2-5 = Ph, biphenyl, alkyl, etc.) The electrolyte solution may be used in lithium primary batteries, lithium secondary batteries, or lithium ion batteries.

1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI H01M0010-058 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,A] IPCR H01M0010-00 [I,C]; H01M0010-058 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,C]; H01M0006-16 [I,A] CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) flame retardant battery electrolyte soln ST ΙT Battery electrolytes Fireproofing agents (flame-retardant type electrolyte solution and its application) Primary batteries ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; flame-retardant type electrolyte solution and its application) 92-52-4, Diphenyl, uses 98-06-6, tert-Butyl 110-61-2, Butanedinitrile 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene benzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 1072-53-3 1120-71-4, Propanesultone 1469-72-3 1469-73-4, Propylene sulfite 2049-95-8, tert-Pentyl benzene 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate 5945-33-5, Bisphenol A

bis(diphenylphosphate) 30008-06-1 114435-02-8, Fluoroethylene carbonate

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (flame-retardant type electrolyte solution and its application)

IT 96-47-9, 2-Methyl tetrahydrofuran 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 109-87-5, Dimethoxymethane 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses 110-71-4, 1,2-Dimethoxyethane 111-96-6, Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Methyl ethyl carbonate 623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxacyclopentane 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate 403699-22-9 662149-93-1 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (flame-retardant type electrolyte solution and its application)

IT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9,
Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium
hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium
hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium
trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6, Lithium
bis(trifluoromethane sulfonyl)imide 244761-29-3, Lithium
bisoxalatoborate 409071-16-5, Lithium
difluoro(oxalato)borate 1242275-53-1 1243632-22-5
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

L80 ANSWER 7 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:1004128 HCAPLUS Full-text

(flame-retardant type electrolyte solution and

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 153:387664

its application)

TITLE: Electrolyte solution capable

of improving high/low temperature performance of

lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Li, Lifei; Xu, Lina; Yuan, Jie; Yuan, Xiangyun;

Fang, Jianhui; Luo, Hongjun; Wang, Yiming; Guo,

Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhangjiagang Guotai-Huarong New Chemical

Materials Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing, 15pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 CN 101800335	А	20100811	CN 2010-10148030	201004
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2010-10148030	07 201004

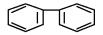
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 153:387664

GΙ

This electrolyte solution is composed of Li salt (such as Li tetrafluoroborate, LiPF6, Li hexafluoroarsenate, etc.) 0.001-2 M, organic solvent (carbonate and/or ether), high/low temperature additive 0.01-30%, and other functional additives (such as biphenyl, vinylene carbonate, cyclohexylbenzene, etc.) 0-0.5 M. The high/low temperature additive is ionic compound; its pos. ion is one or more selected from Li ion, quaternary ammonium ion, imidazolium ion, pyridinium ion, etc.; and its neg. ion has structural formula I (R1-R4 = halogen, oxo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, alkenyl, haloalkenyl, Ph, biphenyl, halophenyl or halobiphenyl). The organic solvent is one or more of THF, 2-methylTHF, ethylene carbonate, propylene carbonate, di-Me carbonate, di-Et carbonate, etc.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6, tert-Butylbenzene 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solution capable of improving high/low temperature performance of lithium battery)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI H01M0010-058 [I,A]
IPCR H01M0010-00 [I,C]; H01M0010-058 [I,A]
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST lithium battery electrolyte soln high
 low temp performance

10/588481

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ΙT
    Battery electrolytes
        (electrolyte solution capable of improving
       high/low temperature performance of lithium battery)
ΙT
    Chemical compounds
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (ionic; electrolyte solution capable of
        improving high/low temperature performance of lithium
       battery)
ΤT
    Primary batteries
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; electrolyte solution capable
       of improving high/low temperature performance of lithium
       battery)
    92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses
                            96-49-1D, Ethylene carbonate,
ΙT
    Fluorinated 98-06-6, tert-Butylbenzene 110-61-2,
    Butanedinitrile 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene 872-36-6,
    Vinylene carbonate
                        1072-53-3 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propanesultone
               1469-73-4, Propylene sulfite 1633-83-6,
    1469-72-3
    1,4-Butanesultone 2049-95-8, tert-Pentylbenzene 3741-38-6,
    Ethylene sulfite 7570-06-1, Ethyl vinyl carbonate 69873-07-0
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolyte solution capable of improving
       high/low temperature performance of lithium battery)
ΙT
    96-47-9, 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran
                                       96-48-0, \gamma-Butyrolactone
    96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
                                 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate
    108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 109-87-5, Dimethoxymethane
    109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses 110-71-4, 1,2-Dimethoxyethane
    111-96-6 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Methyl ethyl
    carbonate 623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 646-06-0, 1,3-Dioxolane
    4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (electrolyte solution capable of improving
       high/low temperature performance of lithium battery)
    7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate
                                    14283-07-9,
ΤТ
    Lithium tetrafluoroborate
                               21324-40-3, Lithium
    hexafluorophosphate
                         29935-35-1, Lithium
    hexafluoroarsenate 33454-82-9, Lithium
    trifluoromethylsulfonate
                               90076-65-6, Lithium
    bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide 244761-29-3, Lithium
    bis(oxalato)borate
                         297162-94-8
                                      403699-22-9
                                                     409071-16-5,
    Lithium difluorooxalatoborate 662149-93-1
                                                  768353-04-4D,
    salt with lithium or quaternary ammonium ions
    1059706-62-5D, salt with lithium or quaternary ammonium
           1059706-71-6D, salt with Lithium or quaternary
    ammonium ions
                   1242275-53-1 1242275-54-2
                                                 1242275-55-3D, salt
    with lithium or quaternary ammonium ions
                                               1242275-56-4D,
    salt with lithium or quaternary ammonium ions
    1242275-57-5D, salt with lithium or quaternary ammonium
           1242275-58-6D, salt with lithium or quaternary
                    1242275-59-7D, salt with lithium or
    ammonium ions
    quaternary ammonium ions
                               1242275-60-0D, salt with lithium
    or quaternary ammonium ions 1242275-61-1D, salt with
    lithium or quaternary ammonium ions
                                          1242275-62-2D, salt
                                               1242275-63-3D,
    with lithium or quaternary ammonium ions
    salt with fluorinated oxoborate
                                     1242275-64-4D, salt with
    fluorinated oxoborate 1242275-65-5D, salt with fluorinated
               1242275-66-6D, salt with fluorinated oxoborate
    oxoborate
    1242275-67-7D, salt with fluorinated oxoborate
                                                    1242275-68-8D, salt
    with fluorinated oxoborate
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
```

(electrolyte solution capable of improving
high/low temperature performance of lithium battery)

L80 ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:660271 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 151:60209

TITLE: Electrolyte solution for

high-rate discharge lithium ion

battery, and lithium ion battery using

the same

INVENTOR(S): Hou, Tao; Tang, Minmin; Chen, Baiyuan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dongguan Shanshan Battery Materials Co., Ltd.,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu,

6pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101442143	A	20090527	CN 2008-10220078	200012
				200812 17
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2008-10220078	
				200812 17

AB The invention provides an electrolyte solution for a high-rate discharge Li ion battery, and a Li ion battery using the same. The electrolyte soln . is composed of (by weight%) Li salt 13-15, organic solvent 75-82, and additive 3-7. The Li salt is ≥1 of LiPF6, Li tetrafluoroborate, Li bis(oxalate) borate, etc. The organic solvent is ≥1 of ethylene carbonate, propylene carbonate, Et Me carbonate, diPr carbonate, γ-butyrolactone, THF, MeCN, EtOAc, Et formate, Pr formate, and sulfones. The additive is ≥1 of vinylene carbonate, biphenyl, cyclohexyl benzene, difluoromethyl formamide, and di-Me acetamide. The inventive electrolyte solution is applicable to a high-rate discharge Li ion battery; it is obviated from increased battery surface temperature when high-rate discharge is performed, and can meet 3C10V overcharge requirement.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1,

Cyclohexylbenzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

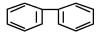
(additives; electrolyte solution for

high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and

lithium ion battery using the same)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Ph

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

TITLE:

IPCI H01M0010-40 [I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,C*] IPCR H01M0010-36 [I,C]; H01M0010-40 [I,A] 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST secondary lithium battery electrolyte sulfone solvent ΙT Battery electrolytes Secondary batteries (electrolyte solution for high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and lithium ion battery using the same) Sulfones TΤ RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (organic solvents; electrolyte solution for high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and lithium ion battery using the same) ΤТ 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethane sulfone imide) 244761-29-3, Lithium bis(oxalato)borate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (Li salts; electrolyte soln . for high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and lithium ion battery using the same) 75-12-7D, Formamide, difluoromethyl 92-52-4, Biphenyl, 127-19-5, Dimethylacetamide 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (additives; electrolyte solution for high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and lithium ion battery using the same) ΤТ 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 109-94-4, Ethyl formate 109-99-9, THF, uses 110-74-7, Propyl formate 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, uses 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Methyl ethyl carbonate 623-96-1, Dipropyl carbonate 56525-42-9, Methyl propyl carbonate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (organic solvents; electrolyte solution for high-rate discharge lithium ion battery, and lithium ion battery using the same) L80 ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:21692 HCAPLUS Full-text

150:98463

Process for production of lithium

by treatment with lithium hydride

oxalatoborate and difluoroborate chelate salts with low content of water and acidic impurities

Dietz, Rainer; Wietelmann, Ulrich; Lischka, Uwe;

Emmel, Ute

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemetall G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT	NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE		
——- ₩O	2009004059			A1	A1 20090108			WO 2008-EP58599							00807 3		
	W:	BZ, EG, IS, LU, NO, SL,	CA, ES, JP, LY, NZ, SM,	CH, FI, KE, MA, OM, ST,	CN, GB, KG, MD, PG, SV,	CO, GD, KM, ME, PH, SY,	CR, GE, KN, MG, PL,	CU, GH, KP, MK, PT,	CZ, GM, KR, MN, RO,	DE, GT, KZ, MW, RS,	BB, DK, HN, LA, MX, RU, TT,	DM, HR, LC, MY, SC,	DO, HU, LK, MZ, SD,	DZ, ID, LR, NA, SE,	BW, EC, IL, LS, NG, SG,	BY, EE, IN, LT, NI, SK,	
DE		AT, HU, SI, NE, TZ,	IE, SK, SN, UG,	BG, IS, TR, TD, ZM,	CH, IT, BF, TG,	CY, LT, BJ, BW, AM,	LU, CF, GH, AZ,	LV, CG, GM, BY,	MC, CI, KE, KG,	MT, CM, LS, KZ,	ES, NL, GA, MW, MD,	NO, GN, MZ, RU,	PL, GQ, NA, TJ,	PT, GW, SD, TM	RO, ML,	SE, MR,	
DE	DE 102008040153						2009	0108		DE 2	2008-	1020	0804	0133		00807 3	
EP	2185569			A1		20100519		EP 2008-774711						00807			
JP	R: 2010	HU, SE,	IE, SI,	IS,	IT, TR,	LI, AL,	LT, BA,	LU, MK,	LV, RS	MC,	ES, MT, 2010-	NL,	NO,		PT,	RO,	
IIS	2010	0143	806		A1		2010	0610		IIS 2	2010-	6675	50			00807 3	
																01001 4	
IN	2010	CNUU	521		A		2010	0/23		IN 2	2010-	CN52	Τ			01001 7	
CN	CN 101796057				А		2010	0804	CN 2008-80105689					01003			
IORITY APPLN. INFO.:									DE 2	2007-	1020	0703	1199.	A 2	00707		
										WO 2	2008-	EP58	599	,		00807 3	

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 150:98463

AB Lithium borate chelate salts Li

[(C2O2)B[OCY1Y2(CR1R2)n(CY3Y4)o(CO)mO]] (1) and Li [F2B[OCY1Y2(CR1R2)n(CY3Y4)o(CO)mO]] [2; for 1, 2: Y1+Y2 = 0, Y1-Y4 = alkoxy, H, halo, alkyl; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkoxy, alkyl; m, n, o = 0, 1; preferably OCY1Y2(CR1R2)n(CY3Y4)o(CO)mO = L = oxalato, malonato, glycolato, salicylato, lactato, catecholato], useful as @lectrolytes for lithium-ion rechargeable batteries, free of water and acidic impurities, were prepared by a process, comprising treatment of the raw compds. 1 and 2, containing 0.2% of water and \geq 100 μ mol/g of acidic impurities, with 0.01-1% of LiH of \leq 100 μ m particle size in an inert, optionally fluorinated organic solvent with b.p. of 110-280° under reflux and stirring or in a solvent-free conditions, for 0.5-24 h, followed by filtration or distillative removal of the solvent and recrystn. of the pure products 1, 2 from polar solvents, preferably from alkylene carbonates. Purified compds. 1 and 2 show decomposition temps. by $50\text{--}60^{\circ}$ higher, than raw materials. In an example, 1.18 kg of raw lithium bis(oxalato)borate %i[(C2O4)2B] (1a), containing 800 ppm of water content was dried and de-acidified by refluxing with 1.9 g of LiH powder in 2.9 Halpasol 166-170 hydrocarbon mixture at $166-167^{\circ}$ for 2.5 h with subsequent distillation of the solvent, at final pressure of 15 mbar. The part of the resulting solid (263 g), containing la, was purified by dissoln. in 1380 g of dry propylene carbonate (water content 30 ppm) for 3 h at 120° and filtration through 100 nm membrane filter, distillative removal of 971 g of propylene carbonate at 150-155° and 10 mbar, cooling to 100°, crystallization and filtration, giving the product 1a with 5.7 μ mol H+/g acidity and 81 ppm of water.

IT 98-82-8, Cumene 100-41-4, Ethylbenzene, miscellaneous 108-88-3, Toluene, miscellaneous

RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
(solvent; process for drying and deacidification of

lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.)

RN 98-82-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1-methylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 100-41-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108-88-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

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IPCI C07F0005-02 [I,A]; C07F0005-00 [I,C*]; H01M0010-40 [I,A];
     H01M0010-36 [I,C*]
IPCR C07F0005-00 [I,C]; C07F0005-02 [I,A]; H01M0010-00 [I,C*];
     H01M0010-052 [I,A]; H01M0010-0567 [I,A]; H01M0010-0568 [I,A];
     H01M0010-0569 [I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,C*]; H01M0010-36 [I,A]
CC
     29-4 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52, 76
     lithium oxalato borate difluoroborate complex salt purifn
ST
    drying process; electrolyte lithium oxalato
     difluoro borate battery purifn drying process; drying agent
     lithium hydride oxalato borate difluoroborate
     electrolyte complex
ΤТ
    Borates
    RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (chelate, lithium; process for drying and
        deacidification of lithium chelate oxalatoborate and
        difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium
        secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride
        and recrystn.)
ΙT
     Carbonates, miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (esters, alkylene; process for drying and deacidification of
        lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate
        electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by
        treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.)
     Secondary batteries
ΤТ
        (lithium, electrolytes; process for drying
        and deacidification of lithium chelate oxalatoborate
        and difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium
        secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride
        and recrystn.)
ΤТ
    Acidity
    Battery electrolytes
     Drying
     Drying agents
       Electrolytes
     Filtration
     Recrystallization
     Thermal decomposition
        (process for drying and deacidification of lithium
        chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes
        for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with
        lithium hydride and recrystn.)
ΙT
    Chelates
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (process for drying and deacidification of lithium
        chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes
        for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with
        lithium hydride and recrystn.)
    Ethers, miscellaneous
    Ketones, miscellaneous
    Nitriles, miscellaneous
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (solvents; process for drying and deacidification of
        lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate
        electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by
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treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.) TΤ 244761-29-3P, Lithium bis(oxalato)borate 383187-24-4P 409071-16-5P 446234-10-2P 446234-12-4P 454475-28-6P 866596-75-0P 906672-54-6P 1094595-68-2P 1094595-69-3P 1094595-70-6P 1094595-71-7P RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (process for drying and deacidification of lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.) 7580-67-8, Lithium hydride ΙT RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (process for drying and deacidification of lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.) 96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 98-82-8, Cumene 100-41-4, Ethylbenzene, miscellaneous 101-84-8, Diphenyl ether 108-29-2, γ-Valerolactone 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 108-88-3, Toluene, miscellaneous 111-65-9, Octane, miscellaneous 111-84-2, Nonane 112-40-3, Dodecane 124-18-5, Decane 142-82-5, Heptane, miscellaneous 142-96-1, Dibutyl ether 306-94-5, Perfluorodecalin 307-34-6, Perfluorooctane 307-45-9, Perfluorodecane 375-96-2, Perfluorononane 693-65-2, Dipentyl ether 1120-21-4, Undecane 1330-20-7, Xylene, miscellaneous 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate 51294-16-7, Perfluoromethyldecalin RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (solvent; process for drying and deacidification of lithium chelate oxalatoborate and difluoroborate electrolytes for lithium secondary batteries by treatment with lithium hydride and recrystn.) REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 3 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L80 ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1464195 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:59835 TITLE: Chemical formation method of secondary lithium battery Wei, Yanwei; Zhang, Jing; Wang, Xiaopu INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai BYD Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, SOURCE: 18pp. CODEN: CNXXEV DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. _____ CN 101315994 A 20081203 CN 2007-10106086 200705 31 CN 101315994 B 20100602

CN 2007-10106086

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

200705 31

AΒ The title method comprises: injecting 40-85% 1st alectrolyte solution, which contains 0.1-1.0 mol/L lithium salt and a mixture of a linear acid ester and a film forming additive into a secondary lithium battery; aging; performing primary charging; injecting 15-60% 2nd electrolyte solution, which contains the lithium salt, the mixture of an linear acid ester, and an overcharge additive into a secondary lithium battery; and performing secondary charging. The invention effectively improves comprehensive electrochem. performances of the battery.

92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1, Phenyl TΤ cvclohexane

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (formation method of secondary lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI H01M0010-38 [I,A]

IPCR H01M0010-36 [I,C]; H01M0010-38 [I,A]

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST formation lithium secondary battery cycle overcharge charge performance

ΙT Aging, materials

Battery electrolytes

(formation method of secondary lithium batteries)

ΙT Secondary batteries

> (lithium; formation method of secondary lithium batteries)

92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses ΙT 827-52-1, Phenyl cyclohexane

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(formation method of secondary lithium batteries)

96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 1469-73-4, Propylene sulfite 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate oxide (CoLiO2)

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (formation method of secondary lithium batteries)

L80 ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1277956 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:525343

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte

solution and secondary nonaqueous

electrolyte battery

INVENTOR(S): Fujii, Takashi; Shima, Noriko; Ohashi, Youichi;

Kinoshita, Shinichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 241 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	FENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	
 WO	2007126068	A1	20071108	WO 2007-JP59207	200704 27
	CA, CH, CN, FI, GB, GD, KG, KM, KN, MD, MG, MK, PH, PL, PT, TJ, TM, TN,	CO, CR GE, GH KP, KR MN, MW RO, RS TR, TT	, CU, CZ, , GM, GT, , KZ, LA, , MX, MY, , RU, SC, , TZ, UA,	BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, II DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, II HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, II LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, II MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, II SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SI UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, II DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, O	BW, BY, BZ, EE, EG, ES, IN, IS, KE, LU, LY, MA, NZ, OM, PG, SM, SV, SY, ZA, ZM, ZW
	IE, IS, IT, TR, BF, BJ, TD, TG, BW, ZM, ZW, AM,	LT, LU CF, CG GH, GM AZ, BY	LV, MC, , CI, CM, , KE, LS, , KG, KZ,	MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, S GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, I MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, S MD, RU, TJ, TM	SE, SI, SK, MR, NE, SN,
JP	2007299541	A	20071115	JP 2006-124042	200604 27
JP	2007299542	A	20071115	JP 2006-124044	200604
JP	2007299543	A	20071115	JP 2006-124045	200604
JP	2007317654	A	20071206	JP 2007-118487	200704
JP	2007317655	A	20071206	JP 2007-118488	200704
KR	2008111139	А	20081222	KR 2008-7028011	200704
EP	2012386	A1	20090107	EP 2007-742642	200704
	IE, IS, IT, SK, TR, AL,	LI, LT BA, HR	, LU, LV, , MK, RS	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, (MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, I	GB, GR, HU,
KR	2010133455	A	20101221	KR 2010-7024127	200704 27

KR 101787 CN 101432		B1 A	20110304 20090513	CN	2007-80015008		200810
US 200903	325065	A1	20091231	US	2009-298440		27
							200902 11
PRIORITY APPLN	I. INFO.:			JP	2006-124041	A	200604 27
				JP	2006-124042	A	200604 27
				JP	2006-124043	A	200604 27
				JP	2006-124044	A	200604 27
				JP	2006-124045	A	200604 27
				KR	2008-7028011	A3	200704 27
				WO	2007-JP59207	W	200704 27

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The battery has a Li-intercalating anode containing an anode active mass which comprises ≥1 atom selected from Si, Sn and Pb, and an electrolyte solution; where the electrolyte solution contains a carbonate containing an unsatd. bond and/or a halogen atom, and at least one compound selected from compds. (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) specified in the description.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6, (1,1-Dimethyl ethyl) benzene 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solns. containing carbonates and additives for secondary lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI H01M0010-36 [I,A]; H01M0004-04 [I,A]; H01M0004-40 [I,A]

IPCR H01M0004-02 [I,C*]; H01M0004-04 [I,C*]; H01M0004-04 [I,A]; H01M0004-134 [I,A]; H01M0004-40 [I,C]; H01M0004-40 [I,A]; H01M0004-58 [I,C*]; H01M0004-58 [I,A]; H01M0010-00 [I,C*]; H01M0010-0568 [I,A] CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST secondary battery anode silicon tin lead; battery electrolyte carbonate lithium salt anhydride Battery anodes ΤТ Battery electrolytes (electrolyte solns. containing carbonates and additives for secondary lithium batteries) ΤТ Secondary batteries (lithium; electrolyte solns. containing carbonates and additives for secondary lithium batteries) 55-98-1, Busulfan 66-27-3, Methyl methane sulfonate 67-68-5, ΙT Dimethyl sulfoxide, uses 67-71-0, Dimethyl sulfone Dimethyl sulfide 85-44-9, Phthalic anhydride 92-06-8, 1,3-Diphenyl benzene 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6, (1,1-Dimethyl ethyl) benzene 108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, uses 108-31-6, Maleic anhydride, uses 127-63-9, Diphenyl sulfone 139-66-2, Diphenyl sulfide 462-06-6, Fluorobenzene 544-40-1, Dibutyl sulfide 629-45-8, Dibutyl disulfide 699-30-9 756-79-6, Dimethyl methyl phosphonate 791-28-6, Triphenyl phosphine oxide 814-29-9, Tributyl phosphine 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene 882-33-7, Diphenyl oxide 945-51-7, Diphenyl sulfoxide 1667-08-9 disulfide 1717-82-4, 1-Cyclohexyl 2-fluorobenzene 1717-84-6, 1-Cyclohexyl 4-fluorobenzene 1973-15-5 2170-03-8, Itaconic anhydride 2240-41-7, Dimethyl phenyl phosphonate 3561-67-9, Bis(phenyl thio) 4480-83-5, Diglycolic anhydride 4775-09-1, Ethyl diethyl 16156-59-5, Phenyl methane sulfonate 25236-64-0, phosphinate 2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl methane sulfonate 33454-82-9, Lithium 117186-54-6 132404-42-3 trifluoromethane sulfonate 90076-65-6 390750-44-4 132843-44-8 409071-16-5 412030-34-3 521065-36-1 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solms, containing carbonates and additives for secondary lithium batteries) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate ΤТ 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate

12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 114435-02-8, Fluoroethylene carbonate 918298-87-0, Carbon 12, copper 8.1, silicon 73 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solms. containing carbonates and additives for secondary lithium batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L80 ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:550263 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:34382

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte

solution containing mixed
additive for secondary lithium

battery

INVENTOR(S): Xiao, Feng; Wang, Mingxia; Zhou, Guishu; You,

Huaying

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BYD Company Limited, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing, 17 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1964124	А	20070516	CN 2005-10101337	200511
CN 100449854	С	20090107		10
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2005-10101337	200511 10

AB The title electrolyte solution contains an electrolyte salt, an organic solvent, and an additive composed of 0.2-8.2% biphenyl, 1.0-9.0% cyclohexyl benzene, and 0.1-5.1 lithium salt selected from lithium carbonate, lithium sulfite, and lithium sulfate. The inventive electrolyte can improve comprehensive performance of secondary lithium battery, such as overcharge performance, high-temperature performance, and low-temperature discharge performance, etc.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solns. containing mixed

additives for secondary lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI H01M0010-40 [I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,A]; H01M0010-36
 [I,C]; H01M0010-40 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,C]; H01M0006-16 [I,A];
 H01M0010-36 [I,A]

IPCR H01M0010-36 [I,C]; H01M0010-40 [I,A]; H01M0006-16 [I,C]; H01M0006-16
[I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,A]

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST secondary battery electrolyte additive biphenyl

cyclohexyl benzene lithium salt

IT Battery electrolytes

(electrolyte solms. containing mixed
additives for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries
 (lithium; electrolyte solns. containing
 mixed additives for secondary lithium
 batteries)

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene 10377-48-7, Lithium sulfate

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(electrolyte solns. containing mixed
additives for secondary lithium batteries)

L80 ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:463514 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:465266

TITLE: Additive mixture of electrolyte solution for secondary lithium batter

secondary lithium battery and electrolyte solution using the

additive mixture

INVENTOR(S): Xiao, Feng; Wang, Mingxia; Zhou, Guishu; You,

Huaying

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Byd Company Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	KIN:	ND DATE				APPL	D	ATE							
WO 2007045162				A1		2007	0426		WO 2	006-	CN27	27		21	00610
₩:	•	CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	AU, CZ, GT,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,

KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY,

		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD	, NA, , SE, , US,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,
	RW:	AT, IE, BF, TG,	IS, BJ, BW,	IT, CF, GH,	LT, CG, GM,	LU, CI, KE,	LV, CM, LS,	MC, GA, MW,	NL, GN, MZ,	PL GQ NA	, ES, , PT, , GW, , SD,	RO, ML,	SE, MR,	SI, NE,	SK, SN,	TR, TD,
CN	1953	267			А		2007	0425	(CN	2005-	1010	0488		2	00510
CNI	1004	400E	2		~		2000	0107							1	8
	1004 2625		∠		A1		2009 2007			CA	2006-2	2625	991			
	1000	0.00			- 4			0.500			0005	0040	4.6			00610 7
EP	1939	970			A1		2008	0702		EP	2006-	8049	46			00610 7
EP	1939				В1		2009									
	R:										, ES, , PL,					
JP	2009	5121	68		T		2009	0319	ı	JP	2008-	5358	72			00610 7
AT	4403	93			Τ		2009	0915		AT	2006-8	8049	46		2	00610
US	2007	0105	021		A1		2007	0510	1	US	2006-	5834	86		2	00610
US	7700	242			В2		2010	0420							1	0
KR	2008	0593	09		А		2008	0626	:	KR	2008-	7011	940			00805 9
	1000				B1		2010				0000	0.070	^			
US	2009	0042	103		A1		2009	0212		US	2008-9	90 72	8			00807 9
US PRIORIT	7790: Y APP:		INFO	.:	В2		2010	0907	(CN	2005-1	1010	0488		A 2	00510
															1	8
									,	WO	2006-0	CN27.	27	,		00610 7

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The additive mixture contains 0.5-95.4 weight% biphenyl based compound, 0.193.8 weight% cyclohexyl benzene based compound, 0.4-93.2 w.t% vinylene
carbonate, 0.5-96.5 weight% t-alkyl benzene based compound, and 0.5-95.8
weight% ethenyl sulfonyl benzene, based on total weight of the additive
mixture The electrolyte solution contains a Li salt of 65-85 weight%, an
organic solvent of 5-15 weight%, and the above additive mixture 1-30 weight%.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 98-06-6

827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (compns. of additives in electrolyte

10/588481 33

solns. for secondary lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 98-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1,1-dimethylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT

IPCI H01M0010-40 [I,A]

IPCR H01M0010-36 [I,C]; H01M0010-40 [I,A]

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST secondary lithium battery electrolyte additive biphenyl based compd; electrolyte additive ethenyl sulfonyl benzene cyclohexyl benzene based compd; battery electrolyte additive vinylene additive

Battery electrolytes ΙT

(compns. of additives in electrolyte

solns. for secondary lithium batteries)

92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate **98-06-6** 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl

methyl carbonate \$27-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene

872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 1007-26-7 4016-06-2,

1,3-Dicyclohexyl benzene 5535-48-8, Ethenyl sulfonyl benzene

21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 26140-60-3,

28804-58-2 Terphenyl

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(compns. of additives in electrolyte

solns. for secondary lithium batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 5

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L80 ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN 2005:547832 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:81118

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte lithium

secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Nakashima, Satoshi; Usami, Yasushi; Sakai,

Akihiko; Hayashi, Manabu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Japan;

Mitsubishi Plastics, Inc.; Kato, Ryoichi SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp., Chemical Indexing

Equivalent to 153:603674 (JP), 154:239646 (JP)

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT :	NO.			KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.								DATE		
	2005		90		A1	_	2005	0623	WO 2004-JP18985							200412			
	W: RW:	CH, GB, KR, MX, SE, VC,	CN, GD, KZ, MZ, SG, VN,	CO, GE, LC, NA, SK, YU,	CR, GH, LK, NI, SL, ZA,	CU, GM, LR, NO, SY, ZM,	AU, CZ, HR, LS, NZ, TJ, ZW	DE, HU, LT, OM, TM,	DK, ID, LU, PG, TN,	DM II LV PH TH	М, L, И, Н,	DZ, IN, MA, PL, TT,	EC, IS, MD, PT, TZ,	EE, JP, MG, RO, UA,	EG, KE, MK, RU, UG,	ES, KG, MN, SC, US,	CA, FI, KP, MW, SD, UZ,		
		DE, NL,	DK, PL,	EE, PT,	ES, RO,	FI, SE,	MD, FR, SI, NE,	GB, SK,	GR, TR,	HU BE	J,	IE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,		
JP	4586		~,					JP 2003-416761					2	00312					
	2005 4635		67		A B2		2005 2011			JP	20	003-	4167	62			00312		
	2005 2005				A A		2005 2005			JP	2004-33618			2	00402				
	4586 2005		12		B2 A		2010 2005			JP	20	004-	3361	9		10 200402			
EP	1705	736			A1		2006	0927		EP 2004-807342				10					
CN	R: 1934				А		2007	0321		CN	20	004-	8004	1089			00412		
	1005 2005				C A		2009 2005			JP	20	004-	3769	62			00412		
US	2007	0048	607		A1		2007	0301	US 2006-453006				27						

200606 15 KR 2007019965 20070216 KR 2006-7014229 200607 14 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-416761 200312 15 JP 2003-416762 Α 200312 15 JP 2004-33617 Α 200402 10 JP 2004-33618 Α 200402 10 JP 2004-33619 Α 200402 10 WO 2004-JP18985 200412 14

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

The present invention aims to improve cycle characteristics of a high-capacity secondary battery wherein an active material is filled in at a high d. by using a particulate active material having a small aspect ratio. Disclosed is a nonaq. wiectrolyte secondary battery comprising a pos. electrode and neg. electrode capable of adsorbing/desorbing lithium, a separator and a nonaq. wiectrolyte solution containing a nonaq. solvent and a lithium salt is characterized in that the separator has a porous film composed of a thermoplastic resin containing an inorg. filler, and in that the active material contained in the neg. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 3 and/or the active material contained in the pos. electrode is a particulate active material having an aspect ratio of not less than 1.02 and not more than 2.2.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1,

Cvclohexvlbenzene

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (additive for nonaq. electrolyte solns. for lithium batteries)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



```
IPCI H01M0002-16 [ICM, 7]; H01M0004-02 [ICS, 7]; H01M0004-48 [ICS, 7];
     H01M0004-58 [ICS, 7]; H01M0010-40 [ICS, 7]
IPCR H01M0002-14 [I,C*]; H01M0002-16 [I,C*]; H01M0002-16 [I,A];
     H01M0002-18 [I,A]; H01M0004-02 [I,C*]; H01M0004-13 [I,A];
    H01M0004-131 [N,A]; H01M0004-133 [N,A]; H01M0004-50 [I,C*];
     H01M0004-50 [N,A]; H01M0004-505 [N,A]; H01M0004-52 [I,C*];
    H01M0004-52 [N,A]; H01M0004-525 [N,A]; H01M0004-58 [I,C*];
     H01M0004-58 [N,A]; H01M0004-587 [N,A]; H01M0006-16 [N,C*];
     H01M0006-16 [N,A]; H01M0010-00 [I,C*]; H01M0010-0525 [I,A];
     H01M0010-0566 [I,A]; H01M0010-0567 [I,A]; H01M0010-0587 [N,A];
    H01M0010-36 [I,C*]; H01M0010-36 [I,A]
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
    lithium battery separator cathode active material aspect
ST
    ratio
    Polyolefin rubber
TT
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (butene-ethylene-propene, block; lithium battery
        separator compns. containing)
ΙT
     Castor oil
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (hydrogenated, Hy-Castor Oil; lithium battery separator
        compns. containing)
     Battery electrodes
TT
        (lithium battery; aspect ratio of active substances
        for)
ΙT
     Secondary battery separators
        (lithium battery; inorg. fillers for)
TT
     Battery electrolytes
        (nonaq.; additives for lithium battery)
ΙT
     92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses
                             827-52-1,
     Cyclohexylbenzene
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (additive for nonaq. electrolyte
        solns. for lithium batteries)
ΤТ
     7782-42-5, Graphite, uses
                                12190-79-3, Lithium cobalt
                    855472-25-2, Lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (LiCoO2)
     oxide (Li1.05Mn0.5Ni0.502.05)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (aspect ratios of lithium battery electrode active
        substances)
ΙT
     7727-43-7, Barium sulfate
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (filler for lithium battery separator compns.)
     9002-88-4, HI-ZEX7000FP
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery separator compns. containing)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                         3
                               THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
                               RECORD (3 CITINGS)
                               THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         22
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
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L80 ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:159908 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:184751

TITLE: Secondary lithium battery nonaqueous

electrolytes and secondary

lithium batteries with prevented

overcharging

INVENTOR(S): Shizuka, Kenji; Kinoshita, Shinichi; Noda,

Daisuke

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004063114	А	20040226	JP 2002-216090	200207
JP 4348908 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В2	20091021	JP 2002-216090	25
				200207 25

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:184751

AB Li salt-containing nonaq. electrolytes also containing overcharging inhibitors and (di)sulfides are claimed. Preferable structure for the the overcharging inhibitor is C6R1R2R3R4R5R6 (R1-6 = H, halogen, (un)substituted hydrocarbon, alkoxy, aryloxy; R1 + R2 may form (un)substituted, phenyleneoxy, ethyleneoxy, trimethyleneoxy, propenyleneoxy, vinyleneoxy). Preferable overcharging inhibitors and (di)sulfides are also given.

IT 92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 827-52-1,

Cyclohexylbenzene

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(overcharging inhibitor; lithium secondary batteries

with nonaq. electrolytes containing overcharging inhibitors

and disulfides)

RN 92-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,1'-Biphenyl (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 827-52-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, cyclohexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



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IPCI H01M0010-36 [I,A]
IPCR H01M0010-36 [I,C*]; H01M0010-40 [I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,A]
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 25, 27
ST
     nonaq electrolyte lithium secondary battery;
     overcharging inhibitor lithium secondary battery
     electrolyte; disulfide additive lithium
     secondary battery electrolyte
ΤТ
     Disulfides
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing; lithium secondary
       batteries with nonaq. electrolytes containing overcharging
        inhibitors and disulfides)
     Battery electrolytes
ΙT
        (lithium secondary batteries with nonaq.
        electrolytes containing overcharging inhibitors and
        disulfides)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; lithium secondary batteries with
       nonaq. @lectrolytes containing overcharging inhibitors and
        disulfides)
ΙT
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate (LiPF6)
    RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolyte salt; lithium
        secondary batteries with nonaq. electrolytes containing
        overcharging inhibitors and disulfides)
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
                                  105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate
ТТ
     872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolyte solvent; lithium
        secondary batteries with nonaq. electrolytes containing
        overcharging inhibitors and disulfides)
     2127-03-9, 2,2'-Dipyridyl disulfide
                                           2127-10-8,
ΤT
     2,2'-Dithiobis(5-nitropyridine)
                                     2645-22-9, 4,4'-Dipyridyl
     disulfide
               15658-35-2, 6,6'-Dithiodinicotinic acid
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes containing; lithium secondary
        batteries with nonag. electrolytes containing overcharging
        inhibitors and disulfides)
     92-52-4, Biphenyl, uses 95-72-7, 2-Chloro-p-xylene
ΙT
     101-81-5, Diphenylmethane 101-84-8, Diphenyl ether
     1,2-Diphenylethane 104-66-5, 1,2-Diphenoxyethane 104-92-7,
     4-Bromoanisole
                    132-64-9, Dibenzofuran 321-60-8, 2-Fluorobiphenyl
     324-74-3, 4-Fluorobiphenyl
                                 362-56-1,
     1,2,4,5-Tetrafluoro-3,6-dimethoxybenzene
                                               392-69-8,
     2-Fluoromesitylene
                        396-64-5, 3,3'-Difluorobiphenyl
                                                           398-23-2,
     4,4'-Difluorobiphenyl 452-10-8, 2,4-Difluoroanisole
                                                            456-49-5,
     3-Fluoroanisole 459-60-9, 4-Fluoroanisole
                                                  583-70-0,
     4-Bromo-m-xylene 612-75-9, 3,3'-Dimethylbiphenyl 613-33-2,
     4,4'-Dimethylbiphenyl 615-60-1, 4-Chloro-o-xylene 623-12-1,
     4-Chloroanisole 643-58-3, 2-Methylbiphenyl 643-93-6,
     3-Methylbiphenyl 644-08-6, 4-Methylbiphenyl 766-51-8,
     2-Chloroanisole 778-22-3, 2,2-Diphenylpropane 827-52-1
     , Cyclohexylbenzene 1625-92-9, 4-tert-Butylbiphenyl 1667-08-9
```

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

1973-15-5, 3-Cyclohexylbiphenyl 2845-89-8, 3-Chloroanisole 3061-36-7, 1,4-Diphenoxybenzene 3150-40-1, 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-4-methylanisole 3379-38-2, 1,3-Diphenoxybenzene 4016-06-2, 1,3-Dicyclohexylbenzene 6738-04-1, 2-Phenoxybiphenyl 7051-16-3, 1,3-Dimethoxy-5-chlorobenzene 17715-69-4, 1,3-Dimethoxy-4-bromobenzene 20273-26-1 25245-34-5 26140-60-3, Terphenyl 52189-63-6, 1-Fluoro-3,5-dimethoxybenzene 82830-49-7, 1,4-Dimethoxy-2-fluorobenzene 93343-10-3, 3,5-Difluoroanisole 97762-38-4 258268-48-3 RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (overcharging inhibitor; lithium secondary batteries with nonaq. electrolytes containing overcharging inhibitors and disulfides)

L80 ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:449916 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:45792

TITLE: Methods of purifying organic lithium

salts

INVENTOR(S): Gorkovenko, Alexander; Soloveichik, Grigorii L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.

127,468, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

KIND DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

-	FAIGNI NO.						TIND DATE			AFFLICATION NO.							AIL
- IJ	US 6248883 WO 2000006538				В1		2001	0619	į	US 1	998-	2058	73		199812		
V					A1 20000210			,	WO 1999-US17347						04 199907 29		
		₩:	CZ, IS, MG,	DE, JP, MK,	DK, KE, MN,	EE, KG, MW,	ES, KP, MX,	AZ, FI, KR, NO, TT,	GB, KZ, NZ,	GE, LC, PL,	GH, LK, PT,	GM, LR, RO,	HR, LS, RU,	HU, LT, SD,	ID, LU, SE,	CN, IL, LV, SG,	CU, IN, MD,
Z	114		GH, DK, CF,	GM, ES, CG,	KE, FI, CI,	LS, FR, CM,	MW, GB, GA,	SD, GR, GN, 2000	SL, IE, GW,	SZ, IT, ML,	UG, LU, MR,	ZW, MC, NE,	AT, NL, SN,	BE, PT, TD,	CH, SE,	CY,	,
	AU 9953293 RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:						2000	0221				1274		;	2 B2 1	99907 9 99807 1	
										1	US 1	998-	2058	73			99812 4
										WO 1999-US17347						W	

199907 29

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Provided are methods of purification of an organic lithium salt comprising the steps of: (a) dissolving an impure organic lithium salt in a solution comprising an organic complexing solvent; (b) crystallizing from said solution a solid solvate complex comprising said lithium salt and said organic complexing solvent; (c) separating said solid solvate complex from said solution; (d) dissociating said solid solvate complex to yield: (i) said lithium salt in a solid form, and, (ii) a volatile composition comprising said organic complexing solvent; and, (e) removing said volatile composition to yield said lithium salt in a solid form of purity greater than the purity of said impure lithium salt. The present invention also pertains to electrolytes for elec. current producing cells comprising such purified lithium salts. Thus, (CF3SO2)2NLi was purified by crystallization of the 1,4-dioxane complex and heating under vacuum at 125° to remove the dioxane.

IT 110-00-9, Furan

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(purification of organic lithium salts by ether complexation, crystallization and removal)

RN 110-00-9 HCAPLUS

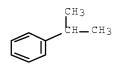
CN Furan (CA INDEX NAME)



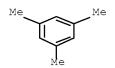
CN

IT 98-82-8, Isopropylbenzene 108-67-8,
Mesitylene, uses 108-88-3, Toluene, uses
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(solvent for purification of organic lithium salts by
ether complexation, crystallization and removal)
RN 98-82-8 HCAPLUS

Benzene, (1-methylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 108-67-8 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 108-88-3 HCAPLUS

41



Benzene, methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

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INCL 540544000
IPCI C07D0281-02 [ICM,7]; C07D0281-00 [ICM,7,C*]; C07D0207-36 [ICS,7];
     C07D0207-00 [ICS,7,C*]
IPCR C07C0303-00 [I,C*]; C07C0303-44 [I,A]; C07C0311-00 [I,C*];
     C07C0311-48 [I,A]; C07D0207-00 [I,C*]; C07D0207-36 [I,A];
     C07D0285-00 [I,C*]; C07D0285-36 [I,A]; C09D0011-00 [I,C*];
     C09D0011-00 [I,A]; H01M0010-36 [I,C*]; H01M0010-40 [I,A]
NCL
    540/544.000; 540/467.000; 548/547.000; 558/044.000; 558/056.000;
     562/030.000; 562/045.000; 564/080.000; 568/023.000
CC
     21-2 (General Organic Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52
    org lithium salt purifn ether complexation;
ST
     electrolyte lithium salt purifn
    Ethers, reactions
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (complexation of ethers with lithium for purification of
        organic lithium salts)
    Phenols, preparation
ΤТ
     Sulfonamides
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)
        (lithium salts)
ΤT
    Carboxylic acids, preparation
     Sulfonic acids, preparation
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)
        (lithium salts; purification of organic
       lithium salts by ether complexation, crystallization
       and removal)
ΙT
     Battery electrolytes
        (purification of lithium bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide
        for use as battery electrolyte)
ΙT
     90076-65-6P, Lithium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (purification by crystallization of ether complex for use as battery
        electrolyte)
     60-29-7, Diethyl ether, reactions 108-20-3, Diisopropyl ether
ΙT
     109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, reactions
                                          110-00-9, Furan
     110-87-2, Dihydropyran
                            111-43-3, Dipropyl ether 115-10-6,
                     123-91-1, 1,4-Dioxane, reactions
     Dimethyl ether
                                                       142-68-7,
     Tetrahydropyran 142-96-1, Dibutyl ether 505-68-0, 1,4-Dioxepane
     540-67-0, Ethyl methyl ether 557-17-5, Methyl propyl ether
     592-90-5, Oxepane 598-53-8, Methyl isopropyl ether
                                                           628-28-4,
    Methyl butyl ether 929-56-6, Methyl octyl ether 1634-04-4,
    Methyl tert-butyl ether 4747-07-3, Methyl hexyl ether
     1,4-Dioxocane 6572-98-1, Oxocane 10143-60-9, Di(2-ethylhexyl)
            13423-15-9, 3-Methyltetrahydrofuran
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (purification of organic lithium salts by ether
        complexation, crystallization and removal)
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ΙT
    7439-93-2DP, Lithium, salts, preparation
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)
        (purification of organic lithium salts by ether
        complexation, crystallization and removal)
     344563-88-8P 344563-90-2P
ΤT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (purification of organic lithium salts by ether
       complexation, crystallization and removal)
                          95-47-6, o-Xylene, uses
ΙT
     78-78-4, Isopentane
    Methylcyclopentane
                         98-82-8, Isopropylbenzene 106-42-3,
     p-Xylene, uses 107-83-5, Isohexane 108-38-3, m-Xylene, uses
    108-67-8, Mesitylene, uses 108-87-2, Methylcyclohexane
     108-88-3, Toluene, uses 108-90-7, Chlorobenzene, uses
     109-66-0, Pentane, uses 110-54-3, Hexane, uses 110-82-7,
     Cyclohexane, uses 111-65-9, Octane, uses
                                                111-84-2, Nonane
     124-18-5, Decane 287-92-3, Cyclopentane 291-64-5, Cycloheptane
     292-64-8, Cyclooctane
                           540-84-1, Isooctane 25321-09-9,
                        25321-22-6, Dichlorobenzene
     Diisopropylbenzene
                                                        25340-17-4,
                     25550-14-5, Methylethylbenzene
     Diethylbenzene
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (solvent for purification of organic lithium salts by
        ether complexation, crystallization and removal)
                               THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         27
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
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ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1991:475311 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        115:75311
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 115:12959a,12962a
TITLE:
                        Conductivity of electrolytes for
                        rechargeable lithium batteries
                        Dudley, J. T.; Wilkinson, D. P.; Thomas, G.;
AUTHOR(S):
                        LeVae, R.; Woo, S.; Blom, H.; Horvath, C.;
                        Juzkow, M. W.; Denis, B.; et al.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Moli Energy (1990) Ltd., Burnaby, BC, V5C 4G2,
SOURCE:
                        Journal of Power Sources (1991), 35(1), 59-82
                        CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
                        English
LANGUAGE:
     The elec. conductivity of 150 electrolyte solns. of nonaq. (esters, ethers,
AΒ
     aromatic and chlorinated organic compds.) solvents and Li salts [LiPF6, LibF4,
     LiAsF6, LiCF3SO3, and LiN(CF3SO2)2], for rechargeable Li batteries, was
     measured as a function of temperature, between -60 to 80^{\circ}. The effect of
     viscosity of electrolyte solns. on the conductivity was also determined
     Addition of aromatic and halogenated organic solvents enhanced alectrolyte
     conductivity
ΤТ
     98-82-8, Cumene
                      100-41-4, Ethylbenzene,
     properties
                 108-88-3, Toluene, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (elec. conductivity of electrolyte containing lithium
        salt and, for rechargeable lithium batteries)
RN
     98-82-8 HCAPLUS
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Benzene, (1-methylethyl) - (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

RN 100-41-4 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108-88-3 HCAPLUS CN Benzene, methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 72, 76

ST lithium battery nonaq electrolyte cond; ester lithium salt electrolyte cond; ether lithium salt electrolyte cond; arom compd lithium salt electrolyte cond; chloroorg compd lithium salt electrolyte cond

IT Batteries, secondary

(lithium, nonaq. electrolytes for, conductivity of, temperature and viscosity effects on)

IT Electric conductivity and conduction

(of lithium salt-organic compound nonaq.

electrolytes, temperature and viscosity effects on)

IT 19836-78-3, 3-Methyl-2-oxazolidinone

RL: USES (Uses)

(elec. conductivity of electrolyte containing lithium salt and, for rechargeable lithium batteries)

ΙT 68-12-2, N,N-Dimethylformamide, properties 71-43-2, Benzene, properties 75-09-2, Methylene chloride, properties 75-69-4, Fluorotrichloromethane 78-10-4, Tetraethylorthosilicate 95-47-6, 95-63-6, Pseudocumene properties 96-47-9, 2-Methyl-tetrahydrofuran 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone Ethylene carbonate 98-82-8, Cumene 100-41-4, Ethylbenzene, properties 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 108-38-3, 108-88-3, Toluene, properties 109-87-5, properties Dimethoxymethane 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, properties Dimethoxyethane 111-96-6, Diglyme 112-36-7, Ethyldiglyme 112-49-2, Triglyme 126-33-0, Sulfolane 143-24-8, Tetraglyme 598-03-8, Propylsulfone 629-14-1 872-93-5, 3-Methyl-sulfolane RL: PRP (Properties)

(elec. conductivity of electrolyte containing lithium

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salt and, for rechargeable lithium batteries)
TΤ
     14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate (LiBF4)
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate (LiPF6)
     29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate (LiAsF6)
     33454-82-9 90076-65-6
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (elec. conductivity of electrolyte containing organic solvent and,
        for rechargeable lithium batteries)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                       80
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                                RECORD (80 CITINGS)
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              2 S E3
T.1
L2
              1 S 2005:823988/AN
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:19:47 ON 30 MAR 2011
             45 S E1-45
L3
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                E BIPHEYL/CN
                E BIPHENYL/CN
              1 S E3
L4
                E ISOPROPYLBENZENE/CN
L5
              1 S E3
                E VINYLBENZENE/CN
L6
              1 S E3
                E ETHYLBENZENE/CN
              1 S E3
L7
                E TOLUENE/CN
L8
              1 S E3
                E T-BUTYLBENZENE/CN
L9
              1 S E3
                E MESITYLENE/CN
L10
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                E BROMOETHYLBENZENE/CN
L11
              1 S E3
                E THIOPHENE/CN
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              1 S E3
                E CYCLOHEXYLBENZENE/CN
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              1 S E3
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L14
                E FLUOROBIPHENYL/CN
L15
              1 S E3
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L16
          47196 S L4
L17
          13306 S L5
L18
          81745 S L6
         32688 S L7
L19
L20
         115160 S L8
L21
          3436 S L9
          10794 S L10
L22
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L23
            42 S L11
L24
        14762 S L12
L25
         1834 S L13
        11850 S L14
L26
L27
            12 S L15
L28
               QUE (LI OR LITHIUM) (N) SALT
L29
               QUE ELECTROLY?
L30
               QUE ELECTROLY? (N) (SOLVENT OR SOLUTION)
L31
          799 S L16 AND L17
L32
           11 S L31 AND L29
L33
             2 S L32 AND L28
L34
          8046 S L18 AND L19
L35
            44 S L34 AND L29
L36
            2 S L35 AND L28
L37
             QUE LI OR LITHIUM
L38
            4 S L35 AND L37
L39
             OUE BATTERY
L40
            4 S L35 AND L39
            4 S L36 OR L38 OR L40
L41
           6 S L32 AND L37
L42
            6 S L32 AND L39
L43
            7 S L33 OR L42-43
L44
         1951 S L20 AND L21
L45
           27 S L45 AND L29
L46
            1 S L46 AND L28
L47
            6 S L46 AND L39
L48
            7 S L46 AND L37
L49
            8 S L48 OR L49
L50
            0 S L22 AND L23
L51
           49 S L24 AND L25
L52
          12 S L52 AND L37
L53
            6 S L53 AND L28
L54
           10 S L52 AND L39
L55
L56
            12 S L53 OR L55
L57
           10 S L53 AND L55
L58
            6 S L54 AND L30
L59
            0 S L26 AND L27
            8 S L36 OR L47 OR L58 OR L33
L60
L61
            16 S (L41 OR L44 OR L50 OR L57) NOT L60
            7 S L60 NOT L1
L62
L63
         27139 S (L16 OR L18 OR L20 OR L22 OR L24 OR L26) AND (L25 OR L1
           315 S L63 AND L29
L64
           108 S L64 AND L37
L66
            37 S L65 AND L28
L67
            24 S L66 AND L30
L68
              QUE ADDITIV?
L69
            17 S L67 AND L68
L70
              QUE (FIRST OR 1ST OR 1(W)ST)(2N)L68
L71
             1 S L69 AND L70
L72
         22753 S (L20 OR L22 OR L24 OR L26) AND (L25 OR L17 OR L19 OR L2
L73
           215 S L72 AND L29
L74
            43 S L73 AND L37
L75
            11 S L74 AND L28
L76
            4 S L75 AND L68
L77
            1 S L76 AND L70
           11 S L75-77
L78
L79
           18 S (L69 OR L78) NOT (L61 OR L62)
L80
           17 S L79 NOT L1
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